United States Government Supplemental Information (Unaudited) for the Years Ended September 30, 2003, and September 30, 2002

Deferred Maintenance

Deferred maintenance is the estimated cost to bring Government-owned property to an acceptable condition, resulting from not performing maintenance on a timely basis. Deferred maintenance excludes the cost of expanding the capacity of assets or upgrading them to serve needs different from those originally intended. The consequences of not performing regular maintenance could include increased safety hazards, poor service to the public, higher costs in the future, and inefficient operations. Estimated deferred maintenance costs are not accrued in the Statements of Net Cost or recognized as a liability on the balance sheets.

The amounts disclosed for deferred maintenance on the table below have been measured using the following three methods:

- Condition assessment surveys are periodic inspections of the Government-owned property to determine the current condition and estimated cost to bring the property to an acceptable condition.
- Life-cycle cost forecast is an acquisition or procurement technique that considers operation, maintenance, and other costs in addition to the acquisition cost of assets.
- Management analysis method is founded on inflation-adjusted reductions in maintenance funding since the base year.

Some deferred maintenance has been deemed critical. Such amounts and conditions are defined by the individual agencies with responsibility for the safekeeping of these assets. Low and high estimates are based on the materiality of the estimated cost of returning the asset to the acceptable condition versus the total value of the corresponding asset.

	Deferred Maintenance Cost Range				_	
	Low Estimate		High Estimate		Critical Maintenance	
(In billions of dollars)	2003	2002	2003	2002	2003	2002
Asset Category:						
General property, plant, and equipment	12.1	18.3	18.3	26.4	3.6	3.3
Heritage assets		1.0	0.1	1.1	-	-
Total deferred maintenance	12.1	19.3	18.4	27.5	3.6	3.3

Unexpended Budget Authority

Unexpended budget authority is the sum of the unobligated and obligated, but unliquidated, budget authority. Unobligated budget authority, including trust fund balances, is the cumulative amount of budget authority that is not obligated and that remains available for obligation. In 1-year accounts, the unobligated balance is not available for new obligations after the end of the fiscal year. In multiyear accounts, the unobligated balance may be carried forward and remains available for obligation for the period specified. In no-year accounts, the unobligated balance is carried forward until specifically rescinded by law or until the purposes for which it was provided have been accomplished. The total unobligated budget authority amount balance for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 are \$383.0 billion and \$342.8 billion, respectively.

Obligated budget authority is the cumulative amount of budget authority that has been obligated but not liquidated. This balance can be carried forward for a maximum of 5 years after the appropriation has expired. The total obligated budget authority amount balance for fiscal years 2003 and 2002 are \$789.8 billion and \$741.1 billion, respectively.

Tax Burden

Percent of total credits against tax liability

The Internal Revenue Code provides for progressive tax rates, whereby higher incomes are generally subject to higher tax rates. The tables present the latest available information on income tax and related income, deductions, and credit for individuals by income level and for corporations by size of assets.

Individual Income Tax Returns for Tax Year 2001							
	Size of Adjusted Gross Income						
	Under \$30,000	\$30,000 under \$75,000	\$75,000 under \$150,000	Greater than \$150,000			
Tax burden, percentage of gross							
income	6%	11%	15%	25%			
Average tax per returnPercent of total deductions on taxable	748	5,158	14,947	97,149			
income	29%	31%	22%	18%			

23%

43%

17%

17%

	Size of Total Assets						
_	Under \$10 million	\$10 million under \$50 million	\$50 million under \$250 million	Greater than \$250 million			
Tax burden, percentage of gross							
income	.32%	.47%	.87%	1.34%			
Average tax per return	3,243	148,636	692,552	1,540,014			
Percent of total deductions on							
taxable income	25%	8%	7%	60%			
Percent of total credits against tax							
liability	2%	0%	2%	96%			

Other Claims for Refunds

Management has estimated amounts that may be paid out as other claims for tax refunds. This estimate represents an amount (principal and interest) that may be paid for claims pending judicial review by the Federal courts or, internally, by appeals. The total estimated payout (including principal and interest) for claims pending judicial review by the Federal courts is \$6.5 billion and \$4.7 billion for fiscal years 2003 and 2002, respectively. For those under appeal, the estimated payout is \$7.6 billion and \$8.4 billion for fiscal years 2003 and 2002, respectively. Although these refund claims have been deemed to be probable, they do not meet the criteria in SFFAS No. 5 for reporting the amounts in the balance sheets or for disclosure in the Notes to the Financial Statements. However, they meet the criteria in SFFAS No. 7 for inclusion as supplemental information. To the extent judgments against the Government for these claims prompt other similarly situated taxpayers to file similar refund claims, these amounts could become significantly greater.

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Appendix: Significant Government Entities Included and Excluded from the Financial Statements

This *Financial Report* includes the executive branch with their corresponding departments and entities, the legislative and judicial branches, and other independent establishments and Government corporations. Excluded are privately owned Government-sponsored enterprises such as the Federal Home Loan Banks and the Federal National Mortgage Association. The Federal Reserve System is excluded because organizations and functions pertaining to monetary policy are traditionally separate from, and independent of, other central Government organizations and functions.

Significant Entities Included in these Statements:

Department of Agriculture (USDA)

www.usda.gov

Department of Commerce (DOC)

www.doc.gov

Department of Defense (DOD)

www.defenselink.mil

Department of Education (ED)

www.ed.gov

Department of Energy (DOE)

www.energy.gov

Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)

www.hhs.gov

Department of Homeland Security (DHS)

www.dhs.gov

Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

www.hud.gov

Department of the Interior (DOI)

www.doi.gov

Department of Justice (DOJ)

www.usdoj.gov

Department of Labor (DOL)

www.dol.gov

Department of State (State)

www.state.gov

Department of Transportation (DOT)

www.dot.gov

Department of the Treasury (Treasury)

www.ustreas.gov

Department of Veterans Affairs (VA)

www.va.gov

U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID)

www.usaid.gov

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)

www.epa.gov

Executive Office of the President

Export-Import Bank of the United States (Ex-Im Bank)

www.exim.gov

Farm Credit Administration (FCA)

www.fca.gov

Federal Communications Commission (FCC)

www.fcc.gov

Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC)

www.fdic.gov

Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

www.fema.gov

Federal Trade Commission (FTC)

www.ftc.gov

General Accounting Office (GAO)

www.gao.gov

General Services Administration (GSA)

www.gsa.gov

Government Printing Office (GPO)

www.gpo.gov

Library of Congress (LC)

www.loc.gov

National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA)

www.nasa.gov

National Archives and Records Administration (NARA)

www.nara.gov

National Credit Union Administration (NCUA)

www.ncua.gov

National Science Foundation (NSF)

www.nsf.gov

National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB)

www.ntsb.gov

Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC)

www.nrc.gov

Office of Management and Budget (OMB)

www.whitehouse.gov/omb

Office of Personnel Management (OPM)

www.opm.gov

Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC)

www.pbgc.gov

Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

www.rrb.gov

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC)

www.sec.gov

Small Business Administration (SBA)

www.sba.gov

Smithsonian Institution

www.si.edu

Social Security Administration (SSA)

www.ssa.gov

Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA)

www.tva.gov

U.S. Postal Service (USPS)

www.usps.gov

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Significant Entities Excluded from these Statements:

Army and Air Force Exchange Service
Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
(Including the Federal Reserve Banks)
Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae)
Farm Credit System
Federal Home Loan Banks
Federal Retirement Thrift Investment Board
(Including the Thrift Savings Fund)

Financing Corporation
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation
(Freddie Mac)
Marine Corps Exchange
Navy Exchange Service Command
Resolution Funding Corporation
U.S.A. Education Inc. (Sallie Mae)